How Printers Work, Tips and Hints.

Jere Minich
Program Director
Lake-Sumter Computer Society
Leesburg, Fl.
WWW.LSCS.US

Overview.

- How to printers really work. ?
- What can I do to save money on Ink. ?
- What is the most efficient MO for my printer.?
- What are the trusted sites for Ink.?

Printer Terms to Understand

- Print head The core of an inkjet printer:
 - contains a series of nozzles that are used to spray drops of ink.
- Ink cartridges Depending on the manufacturer and model of the printer,
 - ink cartridges come in various combinations,
 - such as separate black and color cartridges,
 - color and black in a single cartridge
 - even a cartridge for each ink color.
- The cartridges of some inkjet printers include:
 - the print head itself.

Print Head Design

Two Types = Fixed Head – Disposable Head

- The fixed-head philosophy provides an inbuilt print head that is designed to last for the life of the printer.
- fixed-head printers are manufactured primarily by Epson and Canon. Hewlett-Packard also offers a few fixed-head models,

Disposable Head

- philosophy uses a print head which is supplied as a part of a replaceable ink cartridge.
 - damaged or clogged print head is only a minor problem.
 - Hewlett-Packard has traditionally favored the disposable print head.
- An intermediate method does exist: a disposable ink tank connected to a disposable head, which is replaced infrequently (perhaps every tenth ink tank or so).

Inkjet Technology

There are two main technologies in use:

- 1. continuous inkjet (CIJ)
- 2. Drop-on-demand (DOD).

1. The continuous inkjet (CIJ) method is used:

- a. commercially for marking and coding of products and packages.
- b. a high-pressure pump directs liquid ink from a reservoir through a gunbody and a microscopic nozzle,
- c. creating a continuous stream of ink
- d. a piezoelectric crystal creates an acoustic wave as it vibrates within the gunbody and causes the stream of liquid to break into droplets at regular intervals

Inkjet Technology

- 1. Drop-on-demand (DOD) is divided into two types:
 - a. thermal DOD (Canon, Hewlett-Packard, and Lexmark) {a1991 spin-off from IBM}
 - b. piezoelectric DOD (Epson, Brother Industries)

NOTE: A piezoelectric crystal creates an acoustic wave as it vibrates within the print head and causes the stream of liquid to break into droplets at regular intervals:

64,000 to 165,000 droplets per second

The nozzles used in inkjet printers are 'human hair' fine. (REALLY SMALL)

How Printers work w/ Cartridges

Thermal - Drop On Demand

- The ink acts as a coolant :
 - to protect the metal-plate heating elements -
- when the ink supply is depleted, and printing is attempted:
 - the heating elements in thermal cartridges often burn out
 - permanently damaging the print head.
- When the ink first begins to run low:
 - the cartridge should be refilled or replaced,
 - to avoid overheating damage to the print head.

Cartridges

- Epson's designed for exclusive piezoelectric ink jet printing technology.
- HP the brand that use vacuum-retained cartridges a lot.
 - These are more complicated to refill, because:
 - you'd have to re-seal the cartridge back
 - with the use of a hot glue or wax.

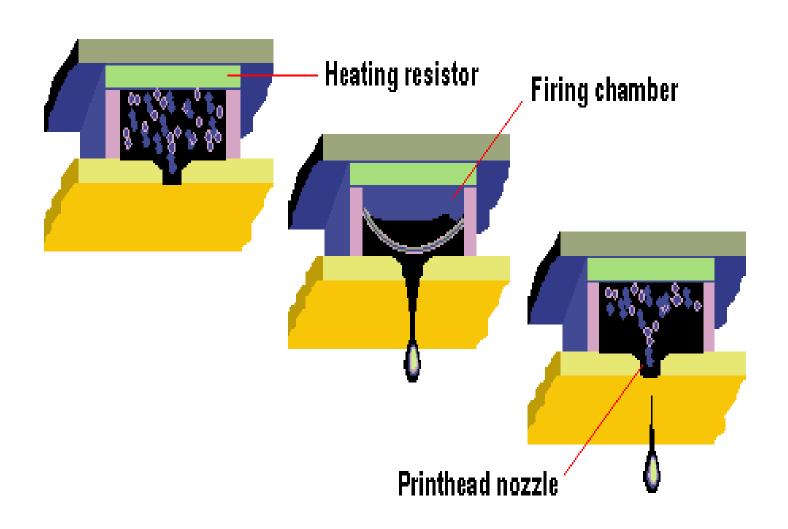
Bubble Jet Printers Thermal - DOD

- 1. Called **bubble jet**.
 - a. tiny resistors create heat,
 - b. heat vaporizes ink to create a bubble.
 - c. bubble expands,
 - d. ink is pushed out of a nozzle onto the paper.
 - e. bubble "pops" (collapses),
 - 1.) a vacuum is created.
 - 2.) pulls more ink into the print head.

Bubble Jet Printers

- f. A typical bubble jet print head has:
 - 1.) 300 to 600 tiny nozzles,
 - 2.) all of them can fire a droplet simultaneously.

Bubble Jet Printers

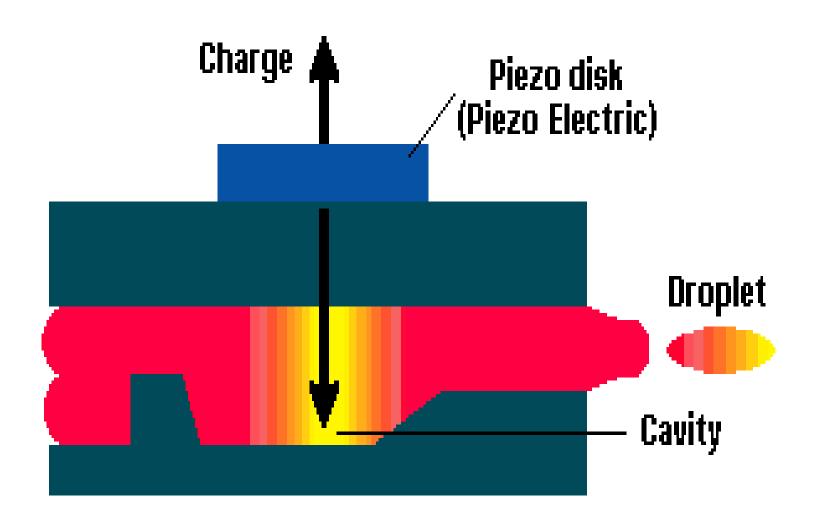


Piezoelectric Printers

Piezoelectric –

- 1. Patented by 'Epson'
- 2. technology uses piezo crystals.
- 3. A crystal is located at the back of the ink reservoir of each nozzle.
- 4. crystal receives a tiny electric charge that causes it to vibrate.
 - a. vibrates inward, it forces a tiny amount of ink out of the nozzle.
 - b. vibrates out, it pulls ink into the reservoir to replace the ink sprayed out.

Piezoelectric Printers



Types of Inkjet Ink Cartridges

- Sponge cartridges
 - Single color
 - 3 colors
- Single-color individual cartridges
- Multi-color cartridges
- Reservoir cartridges

 Go to this web site: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Inkjet_refill_kit

Single Color cartridge



Inkjet Cartridge – Multicolor

Best Buy Price = \$39.95



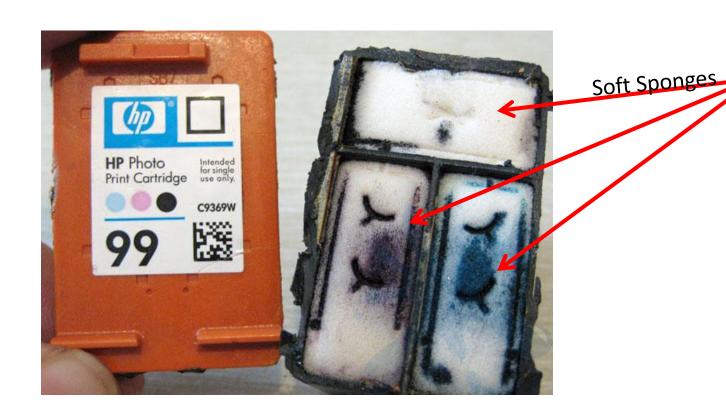


Black Cartridge w/ Sponge



Soft Sponge Material

Color Cartridge w/ Sponges

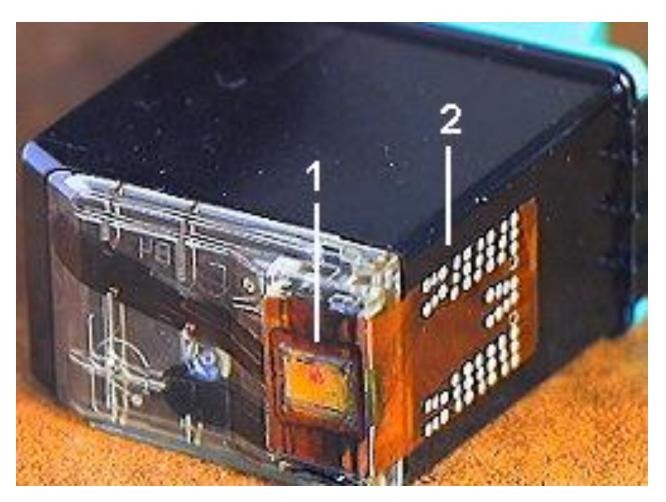


Sponges Are you feeling ripped-off yet?

- Some cartridges contain sponges,
 - so some ink remains behind in the sponge.
 - Sponge prevents 'Sloshing of Ink'
- The printer reports that the cartridge is empty:
 - when there is still 10-15% of the ink left.
- The printer only estimates the amount of ink left.
 - Print Chip does the estimating .
- Between the chip and the wasted ink, you're losing \$\$\$ on every cartridge you buy.

HP Style Cartridge

1 = Print Head 2 = Contacts for Printer & Chip



Epson Style Cartridge



k4994973 www.fotosearch.com

Close-up of Epson Style



k5531868 www.fotosearch.com

Printers

- Note: many printers contain the print heads in the cartridge.
 - These are safe to use remanufacture Cartridges
- Remanufactured cartridges should be tested against clogs.
 - Even if there is a clog, it will only affect the cartridge and will not damage the printer.

How to Save \$\$\$ on Printing

- Use Print Preview before you print.
 - See what your printout will look like.
- PC World magazine has conducted <u>significant research</u> into the question of third-party ink cartridges, and the bottom line is:
 - in most cases, prints made with off-brand ink were as good or nearly as good as their brand-name counterparts.
 - In the case of text and other black-and-white prints, we detected virtually no quality differences.
 - If you need the very best quality from glossy photo prints, investing in OEM ink may be worthwhile.
- Most people, particularly those who print text, can get by with third-party ink, which can offer a cost savings of up to 70 percent.

Which Font Saves Ink and Money.??

- The winner: Century Gothic:
 - which delivered a 31 percent savings in printing costs over Arial.
- On a dollar basis:
 - the University Study projected that the average person printing around 25 pages a week would save \$20 a year by using Century Gothic for all documents.

Save Ink

- Print in draft mode.
- Grayscale printing.
 - print text jobs on a color inkjet,
 - may unknowingly be wasting color ink.

Printer settings

- are essential and will save you the most when done right.
- make "low quality" the default.

How to save \$\$\$\$

- two ways:
 - 1. purchase compatible cartridges
 - 2. refill them up to ten times.
- Don't try and fill a cartridge that been sitting around for weeks or months.
- Even the professional have problems with these.
- Fill the cartridge at the first sign that it's going dry.

Printer – Saving \$\$

- Must Do
- Leave your printer on.
- When you turn your printer off,
 - it will clean print heads
 - The frequent cleaning conducted can consume quite a bit of ink
 - and has a great impact on cost-per-page determinations.

Running Your Printer

- 1. Power down your printer properly, don't just unplug it.
- ❖ You want the print head to move into a position that protects ink from drying out.
- turn printer off from a power strip/ unplugging it leaves the heads exposed.
- 2. Power down your printer IAW the procedures of the printer.

Cleaning Print Head Process

- The ink consumed in the cleaning process needs to be:
 - collected to prevent ink from leaking inside the printer.
 - The collection area is called the spittoon,
 - In Hewlett Packard printers this is an open plastic tray underneath the cleaning/wiping station.
 - In Epson printers, there is typically a large absorption pad in a pan underneath the paper feed platen.
 - It is common for the dried ink in the spittoon to form a pile that can stack up and touch the printheads, jamming the printer.
- Some larger professional printers using solvent inks may employ a replaceable plastic receptacle to contain waste ink and solvent which must be emptied or replaced when full.

Save Money on Ink Find a Internet Source

- You can purchase 'OEM' or refurbish printer ink cartridges for:
 - a fraction of the manufacturer brand cost
 - still experience the same quality of print outs.
- Google your Printer :
 - refill cartridges; refurbished cartridges; cheap ink.
 - Example: Epson WF500 refill cartridges

Where to get Ink Cartridges?

- The key is to:
 - try to find the best replacement inks for your printer model,
 - not necessarily the cheapest,
- and for this you may have to try different suppliers,
 - on the internet
 - In your local area.
- Know the "What if" policy of your supplier.

2 types of Replacement Cartridges

- 1. a low capacity or starter cartridge.
 - These are often only ten to fifty percent full.
- 2. High Capacity Cartridge
- an example:
 - the HP 350 (low or standard capacity) 4.5 ml = \$21.95\$4.87 /ml
 - the Hp 350XL (high capacity). 25ml = \$32.95 = \$1.31 / ml
- So the XL cartridge can be a economical cartridge

What Make of Printers can I refill?

This changes constantly

- Canon, Dell, HP, and Lexmark cartridges are:
 - not difficult to refill,
 - some Lexmark cartridges employ a built-in counter chip that <u>can't</u> be reset.
- Epson cartridges also have a built-in counter chip,
 - however it is possible to purchase a chip re-setter.
- Brother cartridges generally lack any chip and consist of merely a sack of ink.
 - they can be readily refilled.

How do the printer companies prevent third-party cartridges from being recognized?

- a chip on their own cartridges which the printer reads.
- chip can not identify itself to the printer as a match, the cartridge will be rejected.
- They charge about two dollars more to cover the cost of that chip.
- So you are paying extra for a chip which prevents you from shopping for the best deal.
- When the cartridge is empty (or when the printer thinks it is)
 - printer sends a signal to the chip to self-destruct.
 - The chip can not be reset.

Refill Cartridges.

- Because of the expense of inkjet cartridges,
 - a huge business has grown around the idea of refilling them.
 - refilling makes good sense.
- But there are a few things to be aware of:
 - Make sure the refill kit is for your printer model.
 - If the wrong type of ink is used, it can degrade the output or possibly damage the printer.
 - Virtually all desktop inkjets for home or office use have water-based ink.
 - The exact ink composition varies greatly between manufacturers.
 - For example:
 - thermal bubble inkjets need ink that is stable at higher temperatures than piezoelectric printers.
 - Most manufacturers require that you use only their approved ink.
 - Therefore: Refill kits normally will void your warranty.

Refill Cartridges

- While you can refill cartridges,
 - be very careful of the ones that have the print head built into the cartridge.
 - You do not want to refill these more than two or three times,
 - the print head will begin to deteriorate
 - could damage your printer.

Symptoms of a Failing Cartridge

- Your ink cartridge will eventually wear out.
- When you start seeing:
 - streaks
 - areas where the ink fails to print,
- it's time for another inkjet cartridge.
 - You may still have ink in the cartridge.
 - At this point you still have the option of buying a compatible printer inkjet cartridge

How to save \$\$\$\$

- two ways:
 - 1. purchase compatible cartridges
 - 2. refill them up to ten times.
- Don't try and fill a cartridge that been sitting around for weeks or months.
- Even the professional have problems with these.
- Fill the cartridge at the first sign that it's going dry.

Single-color individual cartridges

- Printer brands have started using single-color individual cartridges.
 - only a single ink color.
 - one separate ink cartridge for black,
 - another for cyan,
 - another for magenta,
 - another for yellow.
 - The advantage of this is when only one ink runs out, you can replace the cartridge only for that ink instead of replacing all the colors.

Multi-color cartridges

- These are cartridges that contain all the ink colors the printer uses.
- The disadvantage is:
 - that you will rarely need to refill all of the colors at the same time,
 - you have to be very careful when refilling only one color.
 - The best way is to put a tape over the openings of the other colors to make sure you only refill one chamber of the cartridge.

Reservoir cartridges

- Cartridges that only contain an ink reservoir.
 - does not have a sponge inside.
 - You just see a chamber completely filled with liquid ink.
- obviously, the easiest to refill since you just have to transfer the liquid ink from one container to another.
- Reservoir cartridges can be repeatedly refilled.

recyclable

- Printer ink cartridges are recyclable.
- Especially with the latest recycling laws in place, it is even easier to <u>recycle your inkjet</u> <u>cartridges</u> than ever before.

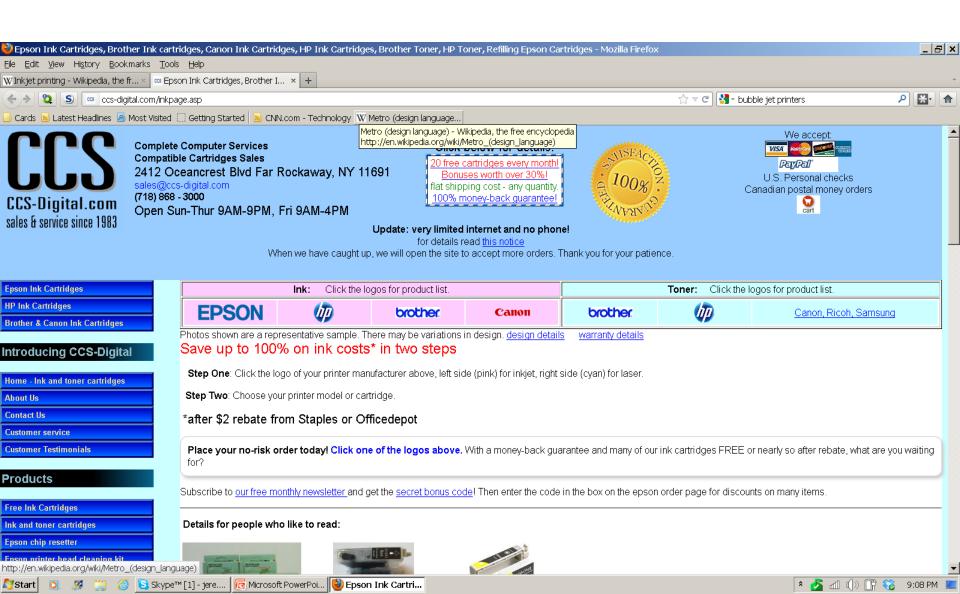
You can:

- send them into the Print Country Recycle Program,
- drop them off at your local supply store
- wait for the waste round-up in your neighborhood.

Good Printer /Ink Information Web Sites

- http://www.wikihow.com/Refill-and-Reuse-a-Printer-Cartridge
- http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ink cartridge
- http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Inkjet refill kit
- Suppliers: (Good Prices and Trustworthy)
 - <u>www.ccs-digital.com</u>
 Izzy in Rockaway, NY
 - <u>www.inkquik.com</u> -

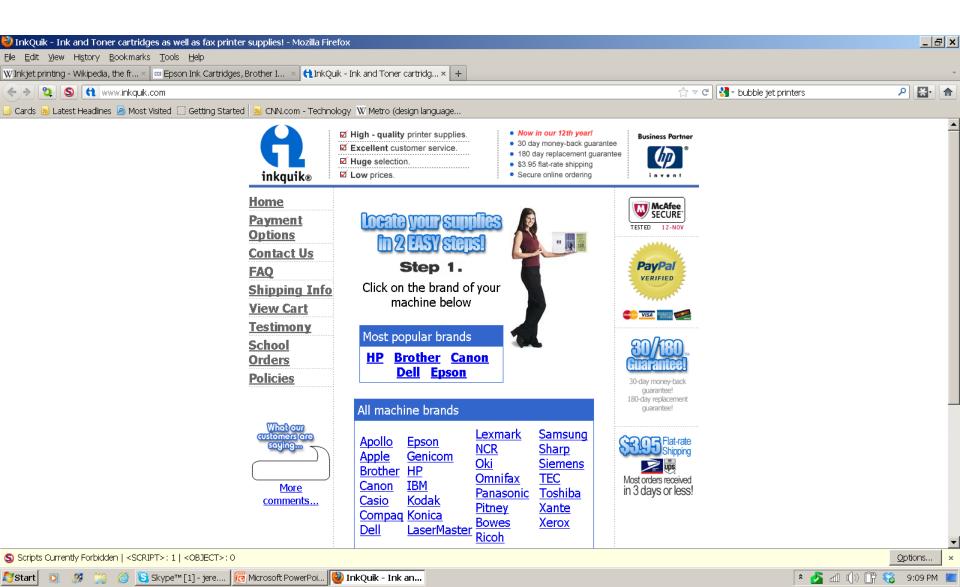
CCS-digital Web Page



Refillable Epson Cartridge



InkQuik Web Page.



Bottom Line.

- 1. Find out what kind of printer you have.
- 2. Google the make and model for information
- 3. Find a supplier for your cartridges.
 - A. Local Store Front.
 - B. Internet Supplier.
- 4. Find out the supplier "What if" policy.
- 5. Shop around.